

Reg. No. :

Name :

Fourth Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, July 2024

Mathematics

Elective I

MM 243.4 : CODING THEORY

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

PART – A

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries **3** marks.

1. Define a communication channel. Give an example.
2. Show that a code C is u -error-detecting if and only if $d(C) \geq u + 1$.
3. Find the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = x^4 + 2x^6 \in \mathbb{Z}_3[x]$.
4. Show that every finite field has atleast one primitive element.
5. Show that all the binary Hamming codes of a given length are equivalent.
6. Show that there is a unique monic polynomial of the least degree in every nonzero ideal of $F_q[x]/(x^n - 1)$.
7. Find the reciprocal of the polynomial $h(x) = 1 + 2x + 3x^5 + x^7 \in F_5[x]$.
8. Consider the 7-ary RS code of length 6 with generator polynomial $g(x) = (x - 3)(x - 3^2)(x - 3^3)$. Find a parity check matrix for this code.

(5 × 3 = 15 Marks)

P.T.O.



PART – B

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries **12** marks.

9. (A) (a) Prove that a finite field F of characteristic p contains p^n elements for some integer $n \geq 1$. **6**
- (b) Show that for a Binary symmetric channel with probability $p < \frac{1}{2}$, the maximum likelihood decoding rule is the same as the nearest neighbour decoding rule. **3**
- (c) Suppose the codewords $C = \{0000, 0011, 1000, 1100, 0001, 1001\}$ from the binary code are being sent over a BSC. If $x = 0111$ is received, decode x using nearest neighbour decoding. **3**

OR

- (B) (a) Show that a code with distance d is an exactly $\left\lfloor \frac{d-1}{2} \right\rfloor$ -error correcting code. **3**
- (b) Prove that the characteristic of a field is either zero or a prime. **3**
- (c) Discuss maximum likelihood decoding. **3**
- (d) Suppose that the codewords from the code $C = \{000, 111\}$ are being sent over a BSC with crossover probability $p = 0.05$. Suppose that 110 is received, find the more likely codeword sent by computing the forward channel probabilities.
- $P(110 \text{ received} | 111 \text{ sent}) = 0.045125$. 111 is more likely to be the codeword sent. **3**



10. (A) (a) Find the cyclotomic cosets of 2 modulo 15. 3
 (b) Consider a linear code C , and H as a parity-check matrix for C . Show that C has distance $\geq d$ if and only if any $d-1$ columns of H are linearly independent. 6
 (c) Let C be a linear code over F_q . Show that $d(C) = wt(C)$. 3

OR

- (B) (a) Show that the dimension of a self-orthogonal code of length n must be $\leq \frac{n}{2}$ and the dimension of a self-dual code of length n is $\frac{n}{2}$. 3
 (b) Consider the code $C = \{0000, 1010, 0101, 1111\}$ over F_2 . Check whether this code is self-dual. 3
 (c) Suppose V is a vector space over F_q . Show that V has $\frac{1}{k!} \prod_{k=0}^{k-1} (q^k - q^i)$ different bases if the $\dim(V) = k$. 6

11. (A) (a) Let $q \geq 2$ be a prime power. Show that $B_q(n, n) = A_q(n, n) = q$. 6
 (b) State and prove the sphere-covering bound. 6

OR

- (B) (a) Explain sphere-packing bound. 6
 (b) Explain the properties of the binary Hamming codes. 6

12. (A) (a) Let I be a nonzero ideal in $F_q[x]/(x^n - 1)$ and let $g(x)$ be a nonzero monic polynomial of the least degree in I . Show that $g(x)$ is a generator of I and divides $x^n - 1$. 6
 (b) Show that each monic divisor of $x^n - 1$ is the generator polynomial of some cyclic code in F_q^n . 4
 (c) Find all the monic divisors of $x^6 - 1 \in F_2[x]$. 2

OR



(B) (a) Consider the linear map $\pi: F_q^n \rightarrow F_q[x]/(x^n - 1)$ defined by $(a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1}) \mapsto a_0 + a_1x + \dots + a_{n-1}x^{n-1}$. Show that a nonempty subset C of F_q^n is a cyclic code if and only if $\pi(C)$ is an ideal of $F_q[x]/(x^n - 1)$. **6**

(b) Show that the dual code $\mathcal{R}(1, m)^\perp$ is equivalent to the extended binary Hamming code $\overline{Ham}(m, 2)$. **6**

13. (A) (a) Show that the polynomial $x^{15} - 1 \in F_2[x]$ is divisible by $(1 + x + x^2)(1 + x + x^4)(1 + x^3 + x^4)$. **3**

(b) Show that a q -ary BCH code of length $q^m - 1$ with designed distance δ has dimension at least $q^m - 1 - m(\delta - 1)$. **6**

(c) Show that any root of $1 + X + X^4 \in F_2[x]$ is primitive in F_{16} . **3**

OR

(B) (a) Show that a BCH code with designed distance δ has minimum distance at least δ . **6**

(b) Let C be a q -ary RS code generated by $g(x) = \prod_{i=1}^{\delta-1} (x - \alpha^i)$ with $2 \leq \delta \leq q - 1$. Show that the extended code \overline{C} is still MDS. **6**

(5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

